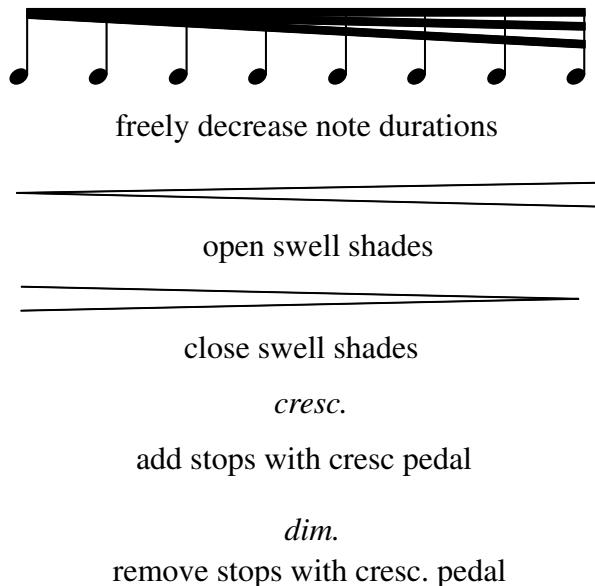


# Notes on Organ Notation

The following graphic notations are used in *Chanson*. The indicated organ registrations are merely to be used as suggestions; they were developed from the composer's experience with a small, two manual Wicks organ in Chesterland, Ohio. If no chime stop is available, the effect may be produced by an auxillary set of tubular bells played by a fourth performer; no other stop should be substituted.



## General Performance Notes

All metronome markings are approximate and are meant only as guides. Senza mesura passages may be played with a great deal of rhythmic freedom. Passages in which no specific rhythmic values are assigned to the vocal line may be sung either in a natural speech rhythm suitable to the language or with a more relaxed rhythm. Passages in which more specific rhythmic notation is used are to be treated with a more secure sense of rhythmic proportion.

Écoutez la chanson bien douce  
Qui ne pleure que pour vous plaisir,  
Elle est discrète, elle est légère:  
Un frisson d'eau sur de la mousse!

La voix vous fut connue (et chère!)  
Mais à présent elle est voilée

Elle dit, la voix reconnue,  
Que le bonté c'est notre vie,  
Que de la haine et de l'envie  
Rien ne rest, la morte venue.

Elle parle aussi de la gloire  
D'être simple sans plus attendre,  
Et de noce d'or et du tendre  
Bonheur d'une paix sans victoire.

Accueillez la voix qui persiste  
Dans son naïf épithalame.  
Allez, rien n'est meilleur à l'âme  
Que de faire une âme moins triste!

Écoutez la chanson bien sage.

Listen to this sweet song  
Which weeps only for your pleasure  
It is discreet, it is light:  
A wave of water on the moss!

This voice was known to you (and dear!)  
But at present it is veiled

It says, this remembered voice,  
That goodness is our life,  
That of hate and of envy  
Nothing remains when death has come.

It speaks also of the glory  
To be simple without great expectation,  
And of weddings of gold and tenderness  
The goodness of peace without victory.

Welcome the voice that persists  
In its naive epithet.  
Nothing is better for the soul  
Than that which makes the soul less sad!

Listen to this wise song.

# Chanson

for soprano, organ and violin

Brooke Joyce (1996)

Text: Paul Verlaine

Musical score page 1. The score is for soprano, organ, and violin. The organ part is divided into 'Manuals' (top two staves) and 'Pedal' (bottom staff). The soprano and violin parts are not visible in this specific excerpt.

**Manuals:** The first staff is labeled 'Sw: Salicional'. The second staff is labeled 'Sw. to Ped.'.

**Pedal:** The staff is labeled 'Pedal' and has a dynamic marking *ppp*.

**Annotations:**

- A bracket labeled 'Sw. to Ped.' connects the second manual staff to the pedal staff.
- A bracket labeled 'Sw. to Ped. off soft 16'' connects the second manual staff to the final note of the pedal staff.

Musical score page 2. The organ part is divided into 'Manuals' (top two staves) and 'Pedal' (bottom staff). The soprano and violin parts are not visible in this specific excerpt.

**Manuals:** The first staff is labeled 'Gt: Flute' and has a dynamic marking *p*. The second staff is labeled 'Sw: Sal. & 2'.

**Pedal:** The staff is labeled 'Pedal'.

**Annotations:**

- A bracket labeled 'Gt: Flute' connects the first manual staff to the second manual staff.
- A bracket labeled 'Sw: Sal. & 2'' connects the second manual staff to the pedal staff.
- Performance instructions: 'cresc.', 'Gt.', 'f', and 'hold all pitches' are placed above the second manual staff.

Musical score page 3. The organ part is divided into 'Manuals' (top two staves) and 'Pedal' (bottom staff). The soprano and violin parts are not visible in this specific excerpt.

**Manuals:** The first staff has a dynamic marking *dim.*

**Pedal:** The staff is labeled 'Pedal'.

Musical score for guitar solo (senza misura). The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the guitar (Gt.) and features a melodic line with open circles and a harmonic line with vertical stems. The bottom staff is for the bass (Basso) and shows a harmonic line with vertical stems. The dynamic instruction *ppp* is placed between the two staves. A brace groups the two staves. The tempo marking  $\langle \rangle$  is located at the end of the score.

cres. off  
*pp*

$\text{♩} = 60$

continue pattern with left foot only

sim.

continue pattern

Sw: 2'

(R.H.) *pp*

(L.H.)

wavy line